Passed the Senate on May 1, 2003: Yeas 31, Nays 0; passed the House on May 28, 2003, by a non-record vote.

Approved June 20, 2003.

Effective September 1, 2003.

CHAPTER 897

S.B. No. 840

AN ACT

relating to the authority of peace officers to make certain arrests outside of their jurisdictions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Subsection (d), Article 14.03, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(d) A peace officer who is outside his jurisdiction may arrest, without warrant, a person who commits an offense within the officer's presence or view, if the offense is a felony, a violation of [Title 9,] Chapter 42 or 49, Penal Code, or a breach of the peace[, or an offense under Section 49.02, Penal Code]. A peace officer making an arrest under this subsection shall, as soon as practicable after making the arrest, notify a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction where the arrest was made. The law enforcement agency shall then take custody of the person committing the offense and take the person before a magistrate in compliance with Article 14.06 of this code.

SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2003.

Passed the Senate on April 10, 2003: Yeas 31, Nays 0; the Senate concurred in House amendment on May 29, 2003, by a viva-voce vote; passed the House, with amendment, on May 25, 2003, by a non-record vote.

Approved June 20, 2003.

Effective September 1, 2003.

CHAPTER 898

S.B. No. 841

AN ACT

relating to the regulation of certain extra job coordinators by the Texas Commission on Private Security.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Subdivision (7), Section 1702.002, Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (7) "Extra job coordinator" means a peace officer who:
- (A) is employed full-time by the state or a political subdivision of the state [municipality]; and
- (B) schedules other peace officers to provide guard, patrolman, or watchinan services in a private capacity who are:
 - (i) employed full-time by the state or a political subdivision of the state [municipality]; and
 - (ii) not employed by the extra job coordinator.

SECTION 2. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If

this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2003.

Passed the Senate on March 27, 2003: Yeas 31, Nays 0; passed the House on May 28, 2003: Yeas 144, Nays 0, two present not voting.

Approved June 20, 2003.

Effective June 20, 2003.

CHAPTER 899

S.B. No. 842

AN ACT

relating to issuance of certain licenses by the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Section 201.309, Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 201.309. LICENSE ISSUANCE TO CERTAIN OUT-OF-STATE APPLICANTS [PROVISIONAL LICENSE]. The board shall issue [(a) A person may apply for] a [provisional] license to practice chiropractic to an out-of-state applicant who:

- (1) submits [by paying a fee and filing] a written application to [with] the board on a form prescribed by the board, accompanied by the application fee set by the board and any other information requested by the board;
 - (2) is[.
- (b) An applicant for a provisional license must:
- [(1) be] licensed in good standing to practice chiropractic [for at least two years] in another state or foreign country that[:
- [(A)] has licensing requirements substantially equivalent to the requirements of this chapter;
- (3) has not been the subject of a disciplinary action and is not the subject of a pending investigation in any jurisdiction in which the applicant is or has been licensed;
- (4) has graduated from a chiropractic school accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education and approved by rule by the board;
 - (5) has [and
 - [(B) maintains professional standards considered by the board to be equivalent to the standards provided by this chapter;
- [(2) have] passed a national or other examination recognized by the board relating to the practice of chiropractic;
 - (6) has passed the board's jurisprudence examination;
 - (7) has practiced chiropractic:
 - (A) for at least the three years immediately preceding the date of the application under this section; or
 - (B) as a chiropractic educator at a chiropractic school accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education for at least the three years immediately preceding the date of the application under this section; and
 - (8) meets any other requirements adopted by rule
- [(3) be sponsored by a person licensed] by the board under this chapter [with whom the provisional license holder may practice chiropractic].
- [(e) An applicant is not required to comply with Subsection (b)(3) if the board determines that compliance constitutes a hardship to the applicant.
 - [(d) An applicant for a provisional license must provide with the application:

- [(1) a license or a certified copy of a license issued to the applicant after examination to practice chiropractic in another state or foreign country; and
- [(2) an affidavit of the president or secretary of the board of chiropractic examiners that issued the license, or of a chiropractic registration officer of the other state or foreign country, stating that:
 - [(A) the accompanying-license has not been canceled or revoked; and
 - [(B) the statements or qualifications contained in the application for a chiropractic license in this state are true.
- [(e) As a part of the application, the applicant shall subscribe to an oath in writing before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths stating that:
 - [(1) the license under which the applicant practiced chiropractic in another jurisdiction was in full force and not suspended or canceled at the time the person moved from the area:
 - [(2) the applicant is the person to whom the license was issued;
 - [(3) a proceeding has not been instituted against the applicant for the cancellation of the license; and
 - [(4) a proceeding is not pending against the applicant in any state or federal court for an offense that would constitute a felony in this state.
- [(f) A provisional license is valid until the date the board approves or denies the provisional license holder's application for a license under Section 201.310.]
- SECTION 2. Subsection (b), Section 201.153, Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:
 - (b) Each of the following fees imposed under Subsection (a) is increased by \$200:
 - (1) the fee for an annual renewal of a license;
 - (2) the fee for issuance of a [previsional] license to an out-of-state applicant;
 - (3) the fee for an examination; and
 - (4) the fee for a reexamination.
 - SECTION 3. Section 201.310, Occupations Code, is repealed.
- SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2003, and applies only to a license application filed with the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners on or after that date. A license application filed before that date is governed by the law in effect on the date that the application was filed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

Passed the Senate on April 16, 2003: Yeas 31, Nays 0; passed the House on May 23, 2003, by a non-record vote.

Approved June 20, 2003.

Effective September 1, 2003.

CHAPTER 900

S.B. No. 854

AN ACT

relating to the sale, distribution, or importation of noxious plants; providing a criminal penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Chapter 71, Agriculture Code, is amended by adding Subchapter D to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER D. NOXIOUS PLANTS

Sec. 71.151. LIST REQUIRED. (a) The department by rule shall publish a list of noxious plant species that have serious potential to cause economic or ecological harm to the state. The department may publish lists of noxious plant species organized by region.